(August 11, 1903) the surface was 95.2 feet above sea-level. The temperature was uniform at $58^{\circ} .0$ Fahr., identical readings being recorded at the surface, 20 feet, and 40 feet.

Loch Cuil Airidh a' Flod (see Plate LXXX.) is a small narrow loch of irregular form, being really an inlet from Loch Trealaval on its soath side. It is nearly a mile in length, and a quarter of a mile in maximum breadth. It is shallow, with a maximum depth of 9 feet and a mean depth of $4 \frac{1}{2}$ feet. The superficial area is about 61 acres, and the volume of water 12 millions of cubic feet. The drainage area, including Loch Airidh na Ceardaich, is scarcely 1 square mile. At the north end it joins Loch Trealaval by a broad channel, and is connected with Loch Airidh na Ceardaich, which is very slightly higher in level, at the south end.

Loch Airidh na Ceardaich (see Plate LXXX.) is a small loch to the south of Loch Trealaval, with which it communicates through Loch Cuil Airidh a' Flod. It is of very irregular shape. The length is scarcely two-thirds of a mile, and the greatest breadth a quarter of a mile. The maximum depth is 22 feet, and the mean depth 6 feet. The area is about 36 acres, and the volume 9 millions of cubic feet. The area drained measures one-fifth of a square mile. When surveyed, the surface was only an inch higher than Loch Cuil Airidh a' Flod, with which it is connected at the south-western extremity.

Loch nan Deaspoirt (see Plate LXXX.) is a small triangular loch between Balallan and Laxey, on the north shore of Loch Erisort. To north and south many little hills rise from 100 to 200 feet above the loch. The length from north-west to south-east is three-quarters of a mile, and the greatest breadth, at the extreme south ond, a quarter of a mile. It is a simple basin, increasing in depth from north-west to south-east, to the maximum of 56 feet, a quarter of a mile from the lower end. The depth continues rver 40 feet to close to the south end. The mean depth is 21 feet, the area about 55 acres, and the volume $i 0$ millions of cubic feet The drainage area, including Loch Dhomhnuill Bhig, is a little over a square mile. A small burn, a quarter of a mile long, comes from Loch Dhomhnuill Bhig, and a similar burn goes east to the head of Loch Valtos. The level was $59 \cdot 2$ feet on August 14, 1903. The temperature at the surface was $58^{\circ} \cdot 0$ Fahr., at 25 feet $58^{\circ} \cdot 0$, and at, 48 feet $57 \cdot 0$.

Loch Dhomhnuill Bhicy (see Plate LXXX.) is a small narrowly triangular loch, about 1 mile to the north of Loch Erisort. The low hills bordering the loch rise to between 200 and 250 feet, or over 150 feet above the surface. The length from north-west to south-east is a little over half a mile, the maximum breadth, at the sonth end, a quarter of a mile. The loch is shallow, being 4 feet in the middle, and decpening to 8 feet near

