

BENISVAL.—Rock-basin in Lewisian Gneiss.

BEORAI.—Valley rock-basin in granulitic schists and muscovite-biotite gneiss in valley drained by the river Meoble, along which ice flowed from the head of Loch Eil into Loch Morar.

BHAID DARAICH, A'.—Hollow in Lewisian Gneiss, the barrier consisting in part of raised-beach material. It is probable that the bed of the loch is a rock-basin which was occupied by ice during the deposition of the beach.

BHAID LUACHRAICH, A'.—Irregular rock-basin in Torridon Sandstone, partly ponded by drift.

BHAILLIDH, A'.—Minor rock-basin studded with moraines on the course of the Leven, now covered by the water of the great dam for the Leven Power Works.

BHAINNE, A'.—Lochan in schist ponded by drift.

BHARPA, A'.—Rock-basin in Lewisian Gneiss.

BHEALAICH, A' (Alsh basin), or Loch of the Pass.—Rock-basin in granulitic schists on pass at head of the Glomag—practically on the watershed between Strath Affric and the Elchaig, over which ice streamed from the east during the maximum glaciation and the subsequent confluent glacier stage. It is one of a series which almost invariably occur where ice has passed over a low watershed in a through valley.

BHEALAICH, A' (Gairloch basin).—Rock-basin situated in valley, open at both ends. The lower end of the loch lies upon the Lewisian Gneiss, while the upper end is bounded on both sides by the overlying Torridon Sandstone. The valley throughout the greater part of the glacial period acted as an outlet for a greater volume of ice than could have been obtained from its own catchment basin, and the basin occurs just where the ice must have been most constricted.

BHEALAICH, A' (Naver basin).—Rock-basin in granulitic schists. Situated in valley open at both ends, which became one of the outlets for the ice radiating from the cauldron of Central Sutherland during the maximum and confluent glacier stages of the glacial period. It is merely the upper portion of Loch Coir' an Fhearna.

BHRADAIN.—Rock-basin in Moine schist.

BHRAOIN, A'.—Rock-basin in granulitic quartz-biotite schists, in part determined by the line of shatter-belt of the Fasagh fault.

BHUIRD, A'.—Rock-basin in Lewisian Gneiss.

Bi, NA.—Lies on an open pass on the watershed of Scotland, where the Lochy, a tributary of the Orchy, had appropriated the head-waters of a branch of the Tay, and through which ice from the Tay valley passed over into Loch Awe, thus lowering the col. The loch lies on morainic material, and is ponded by the deltas of the small side-streams which the outflow is unable to remove, the gradient being too gentle.

BIRKA.—Small rock-basin on granite of Roeness Hill, Shetland.

BLACK (Etive basin).—Chain of small rock-basins in the volcanic rocks of